CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

RAY, MEDILL & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 CLARK STREET. TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

VOL. X. CHICAGO THURSDAY MORNING APRIL 30, 18[illegible] NO. 269.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE,
PUBLISHED
BY RAY, MEDILL & CO.,
OFFICE.....No. 53 CLARK STREET.

Terms—Cash in Advance.

Daily delivered in city, per year.....$9.00
" " " six months.....4.50
" " " per week.....15
Daily, by mail in advance, per year.....6.00
Daily, " " six months.....3.00
Weekly, per year.....2.00
Weekly, per year.....10.00
Ten copies.....
Money Letters, if Registered, may be sent at our risk.
Address "RAY, MEDILL & CO., Chicago, Ill."

Business Cards.

Notice to Railroad Co.'s and Contractors.

SPECIAL CONTRACTS WILL BE MADE by the undersigned, Treasurer and Superintendent of a limited amount of Railroad Iron, from New York to Chicago, either in any Intermediate Point or Points on New York Canals, at Five Dollars and Twenty-five cents per ton.
ROLLIN ROBINSON, Agent, Agent.
apl6-d-w-2m

1857 ADVERTISE! 1867

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No. 184 Randolph Street, Chicago, Illinois.

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Of any length, or for any time desired, inserted in any of or all
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GARLAND'S TRUNK STORE REMOVED.

JOHN C. GARLAND WOULD INFORM
his customers and the public that he has removed to the commodious store recently occupied by Messrs. Hall & Lamb, and next door to Sayre building, where he may be found in the enjoyment of a full and complete assortment of Chicago and Eastern made Trunks, Valises, &c., which he will sell as low as the lowest.
Trunks, Valises, &c.,
manufactured to order, and repaired in the best manner and at short notice.
NEW STORE NO. 106 LAKE STREET,
On the 1st former's occupied by Garner, Harden & Co., where he will soon be in full blast, with a new and fashionable stock of goods to his line ever offered in the west, of which due notice will be given.
JOHN C. GARLAND,
apl6-3m-1y 73 South Water street, and No. 106 Lake street.

197 Lake Street. 197
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
FURNITURE,
AT MODERATE PRICES
JOHN WEST.
ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS,
MAHOGANY BEDSTEADS,
WALNUT BEDSTEADS,
CHESNUT BEDSTEADS,
CHERRY BEDSTEADS,
MAPLE BEDSTEADS.
JOHN WEST.
Enameled Chamber Suits,
New and Beautiful Designs.
ROSEWOOD BUREAUS, MAHOGANY BUREAUS,
WALNUT BUREAUS, CHESNUT BUREAUS.
John West.
WARDROBES.
ROSEWOOD WASHSTANDS,
MAHOGANY WASHSTANDS,
WALNUT WASHSTANDS,
CHERRY WASHSTANDS,
MAPLE WASHSTANDS.
JOHN WEST.
Extension Tables—Oak, Walnut & Mahogany.
BEDDING.
SPRING MATTRESSES, HAIR MATTRESSES,
EXCELSIOR MATTRESSES,
HUSK MATTRESSES, COTTON MATTRESSES,
SEA GRASS MATTRESSES,
BOLSTERS, PILLOWS, FEATHERS, SHEETS, AND BLANKETS,
JOHN WEST.
PARLOR SUITS—ROSEWOOD & BROCATELLE.
SOFAS, CHAIRS, TETES,
ROCKERS, TABLES, SPRINGS, ETAGERES,
WHATNOTS, HATSTANDS,
SIDEBOARDS, OTTOMANS, DIVANS.
JOHN WEST.
BOOK-CASES, SECRETARIES,
A Large Variety of
CURTAIN SHADES.
JOHN WEST, 197 Lake Street.

SHOW CASES.
BRANCH OF THE UNITED STATES SHOW CASE MANUFACTORY, OF NEW YORK,
ESTABLISHED IN CHICAGO,
M. HOLLACHER & CO., KNOWN AS THE
Pioneer Show Case Manufactory of the West,
and a branch of their business at
No. 28 STATE STREET, CHICAGO.
We call the attention of the public to the fact, that on account of importing the glass direct from Frazee factory, we can furnish Show Cases at LESS PRICE IN THIS COUNTRY. Show Case and Glass Ware Rooms in New York, No. 35 South William street; and in Chicago, No. 28 State st.
E. HOLLACHER,
A. LOESER.

WM. TOOHY'S
Counting House Desk Manufactory
Corner of Clark and Water, North side. Sign of the Big Horse Collar.
A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF COUNTING House Desks always on hand.
Parties wishing Desks made to order.
Prompt attention given or no pay.
WM. TOOHY

W. & G. S. WRIGHT,
Manufacturers of
Trunks, Valises & Carpet Bags,
No. 42 Dock Street, opposite Sherman House. Factory and Salesroom, 33 South Clark street.
A LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of
SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
CARPET BAGS,
LADIES' DRESS TRUNKS,
LADIES' HAT CASES,
TRUNKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—
Patent Pelitzian Double Folding
TRAVELING BAGS,
A great improvement on all other traveling bags now in use.
apl6-21 and 217 Clark Street.

The Cheapest Eating-House in CHICAGO!
DARKER & VINTON WILL GET UP
in best manner, and serve to order: Meals at all Hours, at the same and for less prices than any other house in the city and do. Call at No. 99 DEARBORN STREET, near Randolph.

Terms Cash!
Wholesale buyers and dealers a discount.
Mehl Melodeons and Organ Harmoniums,
At No. 66 Randolph Street.
WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of our customers to the fact that we have just received a large assortment of the above instruments, which we offer at prices to suit the times. Organs and Melodeons in all cheaper styles, from $60 upwards, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit purchasers. Every instrument warranted for one year, in first class order. Second hand instruments taken in exchange for new ones. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
apl6-3m-1y MEHL & BRO.

Valentine Freight Line
COMPANY.
FAST FREIGHT LINE
ARE NOW PREPARED TO FORWARD
New York, Boston and Philadelphia
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, ALTON, PEORIA AND NEW ORLEANS
BURLINGTON, KEOKUK, QUINCY AND PACIFIC R. R.
GALENA, DUBUQUE, DUBLIN'S AND MILWAUKEE
STEAMERS.
In connection with the above lines we have agents in all the different roads and steamers, at the following points: East and West. So orders can be given by any of the agents of the above lines.
Goods delivered free of cartage to consignees.
All damages settled at this office without reference to other parties, thus saving much trouble and annoyance in making arrangements by other lines.
Bills of lading and shipping receipts can be had at the office of the Company, No. 10 Lake street, Chicago.
Shippers will please see that their goods are marked and consigned to the care of the Valentine Freight Line Company, and ask for receipts and bills of lading.
Chicago, April 1, 1857. apl-d-w-3m

1857. 1857.
American Transportation Co,
CAPITAL,
Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Illinois.
THIS COMPANY IS PREPARED TO
take consignments of Merchandise, to be forwarded from Chicago to Property from NEW YORK, ALBANY and TROY, by the Lakes and Rivers to Chicago, and to Chicago Property from the Lake Ports and Rivers, to receive the patronage so liberally bestowed during the past season, and hopes by prompt attention to business and reasonable charges to merit a continuance of the same.
The Company have in connection with the Forwarding business a Commission department, and are well and promptly all business entrusted to them.
HIRAM NILES, President.
WELLS D. WALDRIDGE, Vice-President.
J. C. HYAND, Secretary and Treasurer.
NEW YORK AGENTS.
M. M. Caleb, Jun. & Henry, Pier Corlis, 1 & 2
P. L. Gregory, Office, No. 7 Corlis
apl6-3m-1y

1857. Lake Street. 197
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
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AT MODERATE PRICES
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JOHN WEST.
BOOK-CASES, SECRETARIES,
A Large Variety of
CURTAIN SHADES.
JOHN WEST, 197 Lake Street.

1857. 1857.
The Western Transportation
Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Illinois.
CAPITAL, $500,000.
P. L. STRINSBERG, Pres't. W. P. [illegible]
GEO. H. RUTAN, Sec'y. [illegible]
THE COMPANY HAVING COM-
pleted arrangements and having commenced business on the Lakes, are prepared to receive and forward Property from New York, Albany and Troy, to Chicago, Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha, Southport, Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Green Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, Marquette, Ontonagon, Eagle River, Eagle Harbor, Copper Harbor, Portage Lake, Sault Ste. Marie, Detroit, Monroe, Toledo, Cleveland, Sandusky, Huron, Milan, Port Clinton, Put-in-Bay, Kelley's Island, Vermilion, Lorain, Fairport, Painesville, Ashtabula, Conneaut, Erie, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Oswego, Rochester, Lockport, Syracuse, Utica, Little Falls, Schenectady, Troy, Albany, and all points on the Hudson River and Erie Canal.
Shippers will please see that their goods are marked and consigned to the care of the Western Transportation Company, and ask for receipts and bills of lading.
Chicago, April 1, 1857. apl-d-w-3m

Sales by Auction.
CHARLES H. MERRY,
AUCTION FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1 and 2 Tennessee Avenue, terminus of Illinois Central Railroad, Dunleith Ill. AGENTS for the St. Louis, Quincy, Dunleith, Dubuque and St. Paul Steam Packets, Merchants' Despatch, and Ill. & S.'s Famous Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. Goods forwarded promptly by railroad south and east.
CHARLES H. MERRY. W. A. BUTTERS

W. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
COMMISSION AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
No. 99 DEARBORN STREET, CHICAGO, Dunleith, Dubuque.
SALES OF REAL ESTATE, LANDS, VES-
sels, Carpets, Furniture, Books and Shoes, Dry Goods, &c., promptly made, at Office, or in any part of the City.
Cash advances made on merchandise. mar
REFERENCES.
F. Granger Adams, Esq., Banker, Chicago.
Messrs. Dayton & Lawrence, Bankers, Chicago.
E. S. Souch, Esq., Att'y at Law.
Messrs. Wright & Preston Brokers,
C. J. Delmas, Esq., Philadelphia.
Andrew Hazard, Esq., Detroit, Mich.
Messrs. A. J. Galloway & Co., Wis. Land Agency, Chicago
Messrs. Tree Preston, Dublin, Clinton, Preston and various other roots.
The above are just received from Messrs. Dudbourne & Seiler, of Rest Brooklyn, N. Y., and can be relied upon as being true to the name.
Mr. Bernard Denis, of Brighton, one of the most popular Florists and Nurserymen in the West, will be present at the sale and give such information as purchasers may require.
W. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
apl6-3t-1128 Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents, 99 Dearborn street.

GEO. G. GRUBB,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, AUCTION AND
Commission Merchant. No. 127 Randolph street, Chicago. Sales of Real Estate, Stocks, Goods, Dry Goods, Merchandise of all kinds and Household Furniture.
Advances made and notes negotiated. mhb-1y

James A. Marshall,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHT
for the sale of Lots, Lands, Goods, Vessels, and Stocks
No. 14 Dearborn street.
Cash advances made on Consignments.
feb25-d&w1y

Household Furniture
AT AUCTION,
ON CONGRESS STREET, BETWEEN
Dearborn and State, EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, May 1st, at 10 o'clock, the following Furniture, consisting in part of—
Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads, Washstands, Chairs, Tables, Mirrors, Carpets, Ingrain Carpeting, Cottage Chairs, Window Shades, Crockery, Glassware, Bedding, Feathers, Stoves, Kitchen Furniture, &c.
Sale to the highest bidder. J. A. MARSHALL,
apl28-3t-74 Auctioneer.

John Rankin.
GENERAL AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT AND WHOLESALE DEALER in Tobacco, Boltons, Gums, Cutlery, Buttons and Plated Ware, Gold and Gilt Jewelry, Window Shades, Wraps, Looking Glasses, Crockery, Glassware, Cigars, &c., &c.
Randolph street, fourth west corner of Wells' Chicago, Ill.
JOHN RANKIN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
Household and Kitchen Furniture.
ON THURSDAY, APRIL 30, AT 9½ A.M.,
I WILL SELL AT NO. 261 STATE ST.,
the entire Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of
2 Mahogany spring seat Tete-a-Tetes,
6 Mahogany spring-seat chairs,
1 Mahogany Centre Table,
2 Mahogany Quartette Tables,
1 Mahogany Bureau,
Light 6 octave Warehouse,
Parlor and Chamber Carpets,
Cottage Bedsteads,
Dining Table,
2 Good Feather Beds,
Other bedding,
Parlor Stoves,
Cooking Stoves,
Kitchen Furniture,
Looking Glasses, Crockery, Glassware,
Chamber Sets, &c.
JOHN KANKIN, Auctioneer.

S. A. Hatch,
(SUCCESSOR TO WINES, HATCH & CO.)
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT
Real Estate Agent and Stock Broker, No. 52 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill. apr4,1y

Heaton, Hussey & Co.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Real Estate Agents, and Dealers in Real Estate, Stocks, Vessels, Carpets, Furniture, Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, &c. 94 Randolph street, between Clark and Dearborn, Chicago.
Cash or Credit sales attended to. apl [illegible]
SAMUEL HEATON. ANDREW HUSSEY.

Simeon Dowding & Co.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE,
and Real Estate Agents, No. 6 South Clark street, Chicago.
Will give prompt attention to the sale of Goods and Merchandise of every kind, either at our Sales Rooms, or on Docks, Vessels; at Stores or Residences in any part of the City, and will also give special attention to the Auction or Private Sales of Real Estate, Leasing, Renting, &c.
apl28-3m-1y

FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
55 SOUTH WATER STREET 55
(Corner of State.)
ARE NOW RECEIVING FOR THEIR
SPRING SALES their usual large and varied stock of
Foreign and Domestic Goods,
ADAPTED TO MEN'S WEAR,
To which they invite the attention of the trade.
At the Rooms can be found at all times the best makes of
BROADCLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
Kentucky Jeans, Fent and Coat Linens. Tailors' Trimmings, &c.
Agents for Scott's Report of Fashions. feb-27-1y,m77

THE GREATEST
MEDICAL DISCOVERY
Of the Age.
MR. KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, HAS
discovered, in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.
It has tried it in over two hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases, both bloated tumors. He has now in his possession over five hundred certificates of the most responsible and well known citizens of Boston.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two to three bottles will clear the system of Blotches.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst tetter in the mouth and stomach.
Two to four bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of Erysipelas.
Two to five bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the blood.
One bottle will cure any complaint of the skin.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of ringworm.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of blotches on the face.
Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.
A bottle in always required when the above quantity is taken.
Directions for using accompany each bottle. Sold by druggists generally, of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case, have given hundreds certificates, and know it to be a valuable remedy. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; also a trial is always given to those who doubt. I mention things about this herb that appears to be surprising; first, that it is only to be found in certain localities of this country, and its value has never been known until I discovered it. Secondly, that it destroys more ill kinds of humor than any other herb.
In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of this remedy, I will state that in the year 1846 I purchased 5 lb. and sold about six bottles per day—in 1847, 20 lbs., I sold over one hundred per day.
Some of the wholesale druggists who have been in business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever known to rise in such unprecedented popularity from all quarters.
In my own practice I always kept it strictly for internal use, but since its introduction as a general family medicine, external and internal virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.
Several cases of cutaneous file—a disease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. Of what a power it will prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—cancer, I shall not, who never seen more of it than I have.
I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Liver, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Pain in the side, Diseases of the Bowels, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys, &c., the discovery has been more used than in all other diseases known.
No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best, yet can be cured.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Age, one table spoonful per day; from 1 to 5 years, a teaspoonful; from 5 to 10 years, a dessert spoonful; from 10 to 15 years, a tablespoonful; from 15 to 20 years, two tablespoonfuls; and all over twenty years, one wineglassful. In all cases of Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side, Diseases of the Bowels, and Kidneys, double the above quantity.
DONALD KENNEDY, 120 Warren street, Roxbury.
Sold by Fowle & Co., New York City; C. V. Clapp, 18 Merchants' Row, Boston; and by druggists generally.
C. H. RING, 122 Randolph st., Chicago; Agent for the West.
Also, for sale by Dyer, Philadelphia; A. B. Smith, Baltimore; Geo. Gordy, Kidder, Peabody & Co., Boston; Redington & Co., Portland, Me.; Hall, Richardson & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Wm. Ellis, Cincinnati; Wm. Ellis, Pittsburgh; Wm. Ellis, Wheeling; Wm. Ellis, Cleveland; Wm. Ellis, Detroit; Wm. Ellis, Chicago; H. H. Keel & Co., Chicago; Jonas Wilson, Chicago.
All Retail by all Responsible Druggists in the United States and Canadas. Price $1 per bottle. apl-d-w-3m

TRUSTEE'S SALE.
DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE BY
Robert Walsh in the payment of the certain promissory note secured by the mortgage of the undersigned, Trustee, bearing date on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1857, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook county, Illinois, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1857, in Book 102, page 1, conditioned for the payment of said note, or promissory note, payable to the order of Chas. Walsh, on the first day of January, A. D. 1858, and running in the penal sum of one thousand dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, from the 1st day of January, A. D. 1857, and default having been made in the payment of said note, or promissory note, and the same remaining unpaid, and the undersigned, Trustee, as aforesaid, having been requested by the holder of said note, or promissory note, to sell the premises described in said mortgage, to satisfy said note, or promissory note, and the interest thereon, now, therefore, I, the undersigned, Trustee, as aforesaid, will, on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1857, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the north door of the Court House in the City of Chicago, in the county of Cook, and State of Illinois, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lot, piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Cook, and State of Illinois, to wit: Lot No. twelve (12), in Block No. one (1), in Canal Trustees' Subdivision of the West half of the South East quarter of Section No. thirty-three (33), in Township No. thirty-nine (39) North, of Range No. fourteen (14) East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Cook County, and State aforesaid

DAILY TRIBUNE.

No. 53 CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Thursday Morning..... April 30, 1857.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

We have received from the Secretary of this road a pamphlet entitled: "Exhibit of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago RAILROAD Company, with relation to the general mortgage of $10,000,000." From this pamphlet we learn that a mortgage of $10,000,000, upon the entire road, has been issued to John Ferguson and Thomas E. Walker of New York, and is intended to become a first and only lien upon the road. The object of the mortgage is to provide security, first, for $3,500,000 of Construction Bonds, at 7 per cent., having thirty years to run, the proceeds of which are to finish the road to Chicago, ballast and fence it and thoroughly stock it; and second, for $ 2,500,000 of Redemption bonds, of the same, tenor, and bearing the same interest and date, the purpose of their issue being to make timely provision, by their sale or exchange for the existing funded debt of the company created by the assumption of the bonds and mortgages issued by the three roads prior to consolidation. In other words, the mortgage is intended, besides finishing the road, to consolidate the funded debt of the company. A sinking fund for the reduction of the mortgage, is provided for, by setting apart three-fourths of one per cent. from the net earnings for ten years, and one and a half per cent for the other twenty years, together with such other surplus funds as may from time to time accrue.

Lake Erie & Michigan Ship Canal.

The Legislature of New York at its recent session granted a perpetual charter to a Company to build a Ship Canal from Lake Erie to Lake Michigan. The newspapers of Detroit and Buffalo are expatiating in glowing language upon the feasibility of the project, and the immense revenue it would yield its stockholders—the "long voyage it would save," by doing away "with the perilous navigation of the 'Straits' and the 'Flats,' and shortening the trip for sailing vessels between Chicago and Buffalo by the new route six, to ten days." The immense water power it would afford along its line for millers and manufacturers is also largely dwelt upon by the Detroit papers.

The Buffalo *Advertiser* is to warm upon the subject that it ventures upon figures, and undertakes to cypher up the cost of digging the canal, and the receipts from tolls. "It is proposed," it says, "to make the canal 12 feet deep and 100 feet wide. Its length will be 160 miles. The level of Lake Michigan being 34 feet 10 inches above that of Lake Erie, two lifting locks of 10 feet each will be required. The remaining 14 feet will be required for draught. The canal will commence "near Toledo or Monroe, and terminate near "the head of Lake Michigan." The interruptions to be overcome on the route, the *Advertiser* regards as trifling.

With the "assistance of a practical gentleman acquainted with the Lakes," the editor computes the cost of the Canal at $65,000 per mile, and the total cost and equipment, including 25 steam tug boats, at $11,450,000. He estimates that 40,500,000 bushels of grain and its equivalent, or all brought to market on Lake Michigan, would go through the new route, and pay a toll of 4½ cents per bushel, making $1,920,000; towing 2,000 cargoes up and down, $100 per trip, $200,000; water rent of 200 mills at $2,000 each, $400,000; total income $2,520,000, less expense of repairs, taxes, &c., to be divided among the stockholders.

It is also stated that, by the present route, a sailing vessel will make an average of six trips per season of seven months. By the proposed route the same vessel will make sixteen trips during the season of eight months. All this looks nice on paper; but everything that glitters is not gold, as a brief analysis of the foregoing calculations will amply demonstrate.

In the first place, the assumed length of the ditch of 160 miles, will stretch, under the engineer's chain, to at least 200 miles. The parallel railroads from Detroit and Toledo to Chicago prove this.

Secondly. The ditch, to carry the craft that navigate the lakes, must be not less than 150 feet wide and 14 feet deep. If it is proposed to accommodate only small schooners, and to exclude propellers and the larger sail vessels, the amount of business the canal would do would not pay for repairs and tug hire. If a 12 by 100 feet canal, of 160 miles, would cost $11,450,000, what would a 14 by 150 feet canal, 200 miles long, cost? *Ans.*—Not less than $30,000,000.

Thirdly. It is assumed that the canal would be "down hill," all the way from New Buffalo to Monroe—from Lake Michigan to Lake Erie. But the topography of the country, over which it is proposed to dig the canal, contradicts this down hill assumption. For fully half the distance across the southern counties of Michigan, the streams run in a westerly direction—the other half of the way they flow to the east, emptying into the Detroit river or Lake Erie. This fact of nature proves that the canal must first *ascend* from Lake Michigan to the central table land, and then descend from it to Lake Erie. Suppose the bottom of the canal to be started fourteen feet below the surface of the Lake at New Buffalo, how deep would the cut be on the summit 80 or 100 miles eastward? Unless this could be done, the whole project must fall to the ground; unless the rise of the surface be wholly disregarded, sufficient water to supply a ship canal cannot be obtained from the streams in the interior. Who can say that twenty millions of dollars expended in excavation, would overcome the ascent of the valley of the St. Joseph river, and change the course of that stream, emptying its waters into Lake Erie?

Fourthly. The *Advertiser* falls into a very serious error in regard to the amount of tolls which vessels would prefer paying to sailing around, via the straits. To say that they would pay 4½ cents upon each bushel of corn in addition to $100 for towing, is preposterous. On rare occasions, when grain was advancing very rapidly, with a large margin in favor of the owner of the cargo, he might consider it to his interest to pay. Our Buffalo cotemporary seems to overlook the fact known to every grain dealer, that half the grain shipped from the ports on Lake Michigan to Buffalo and Oswego is conveyed thither for little more than the sum he names to be paid as canal toll. When freights are scarce, or rule low, masters of vessels could not afford to pay more than one cent per bushel, besides towage; and vessels sailing in ballast when business was dull, would often times rather sail around than pay towing hire. The time saved between Chicago and Buffalo, by the new route, is put down at six to ten days for sailing vessels. But three or five days would be nearer the truth; and 10 to 20 hours for propellers. Much of the trade of the lakes is conveyed by propellers—few of these would use the canal.

The difference in freight between Chicago and Buffalo, and Detroit and Buffalo, only averages a couple of cents on the bushel; and on a cargo of coal, from Erie and Cleveland to this city, it is but a trifle per ton higher than to Toledo and Detroit. Ship masters would only be willing to pay a portion of this excess to the canal company, for the use of their "short cut." We do not believe that the receipts of the ship canal would keep it in repair, maintain the tugs, and pay the official expenses of the company. As to earning 12 or 15 per cent. dividends on the fifty millions invested, the idea is an absurdity.

But of what substantial benefit such a ditch would be to Chicago, is hard to see. And how it could help Detroit by running down the river Raisin, and terminating at Monroe, is still more difficult to comprehend.

It might benefit a score of doggery keepers at New Buffalo, who could sell liquor to the sailors as they passed from the lake into the "raging canawl"? Oh! to old Buffalo, the sole manager would be more imaginary than real, as it would not increase the receipts of grain. On this artificial route, navigation would open a few days earlier than on that of nature's; but the latter is generally open about as soon as the Buffalo harbor. It would close as early in the fall, because a much lighter frost would congeal the water in a little quiet ditch than in a broad running river.

We will not stop here to discuss the competition the "canal" would encounter from two powerful double track railroads, running on each side, parallel with it, which capitalists would be apt to take into consideration before investing their money. There is little probability that the project will ever assume a more tangible form than a speculator's wheeze to mouth over, or a topic for newspapers to discuss when such a measure and no excitement stirring.

Run Out of Kentucky.

ALF. BURNETT, of Cincinnati, a young man who sometimes gives public entertainments for the amusement of the public, and to little of a politician as Yankee Robinson, or Levi J. North, was run out of Richmond, Ky., a few days ago, because he was suspected of being an Abolitionist. The valiant inhabitants failing to get hold of ALF himself, indicted a summary and condign punishment upon various handbills announcing the "show," and smutty phonographic likenesses of the showman himself. Valiant people, those Richmonders.

Prisoner Escaped.

The Cleveland *Herald* says that E. T. Nichols, formerly an agent of P. T. Barnum in the theatrical business, and who has been in jail in Cleveland during the past nine months awaiting trial in the Common Pleas on charge of having forged the acceptances of Mr. Barnum to drafts negotiated in that city, escaped from the custody of the jailor on Wednesday afternoon last. He had been removed from the jail to his residence for the purpose of having his deposition taken in a case pending in Cincinnati, and while there was permitted to pass into an adjoining room unattended, from which he escaped through a window opening upon the yard. Diligent search was immediately made, but up to last accounts had been unsuccessful. The sheriff has offered a reward of one hundred dollars for the recapture of the fugitive.

Accident on the Chicago and Alton Railroad.

On Monday forenoon, 27th inst., the Chicago train to St. Louis, ran over a cow near Girard Station, below Springfield, which threw it from the track, demolishing the locomotive, smashing the tender, crushing up the baggage and express cars, killing the fireman and wounding a breakman. The train was running at a speed of 25 miles per hour, or a cow, when a cow, with a calf by the side of the road, as the train approached, close to her, sprang suddenly upon the track, and set out on a run ahead of it. In an instant the engine overtook her, but the cow-catcher failed to do its duty, and the beast rolled under, the locomotive bounded off the rails, and hurled headlong into the ditch, bottom side up, ends reversed. The tender also pitched into the ditch bottom side up. The baggage car was flung at right angles with the track, and the emigrant car was capsized into the slough; the first passenger car was thrown into the ditch, on its side, the rear car alone remaining on the track. The engineer was taken out alive from under a cord of wood that had buried him. The fireman was found mangled into a jelly; the breakman was covered, in the wreck, but strange to say, he was found not much hurt, when it was supposed that he was mashed to death. The emigrants were pitched headlong into one pile, but none of them were seriously hurt, notwithstanding that a rail torn from its fastening, thrust itself a long distance through the bottom of the car. The whole scene resembled the work of an earthquake.

Webster and Brooks.

The last number of the *Principia*, a paper devoted to Spiritualism, contains a communication from Daniel Webster, and one from Preston S. Brooks, received at a private circle in Baltimore. Daniel Webster announced that he was one of the spirits who assembled around Preston S. Brooks at his death, "and assisted in the translation."

"He could not associate with me; the immutable law of attraction intervened, and I could only commune with his inferiors in life. For nearly thirty days I have been trying to get him into a condition whereby he might communicate, and I thought I should have succeeded on this occasion. He came near my medium through the medium, and this evening I will bring him again. It is Brooks of South Carolina, and I am DANIEL WEBSTER.

"In the evening," continues the account, agreeably to appointment, a meeting was held," and a communication received from Mr. Brooks, in which he said:

"The last few months of my earthly career, my name figured far over the country, associated with much that was false and a great deal that was true. I was, like all men, ambitious. The highest desire of my soul was self-aggrandizement. I aspired to excel in the things and popular applause of earth, and the consequence is that I am comparatively low in spiritual acquirements.

"I sought myself something more than I really was. I used my every influence to attain a noted position, even at the sacrifice of my fellow creatures.

"I have stood up before men and in the presence of angels, and proclaimed 'Physical Slavery,' in direct opposition to my interior conviction of what was right; and why did I do it? simply because I was not filled, and sought not the happiness of others, if it in the least clashed with my own selfish purposes.

"The world knows of my sudden departure from the body, and I also know it. I had heard that there was great fear and consternation with spirits, yet I believed it not. The spiritual, to me, was as nothing, compared with the honors that I was seeking for, and which, alas! I could not have all been basking in. This is an acknowledgment which you would not have heard from my lips while living on earth, because I had a proud and unsympathizing heart, with no feeling for others, unless it served my own purpose."

Subsequent Reflections.

The New Orleans papers begin to consider it a possible—nay, probable event, since the result of the St. Louis election, that Missouri and other border Slave States will before many years remain under the rule and control of Free States. The *Crescent* says that it anticipates that the slave-holders of Missouri will sell off their valuable negroes to their more Southern brethren, turn the rest loose, and then join their State to the Abolition phalanx of the North. It proceeds to say:

"There is no earthly question that the high price which slaves now command in the cotton-growing States is rapidly diminishing the slave population of the border States. The drain of slaves Southward which has continued for full fifteen years, if not checked by State legislation, or the introduction of some other description of labor, will, in two decades, place those States more completely in the power of Emancipationists than Missouri bids fair to be in three or four years. Even now Virginia is threatened with the irruption of a fanatical horde whose boldly and openly avowed purpose is to abolitionize the Old Dominion, remove the self-interest that now binds the Virginians together in a common brotherhood—locate their visionary writers in an opposite direction—and their treatment and policy will be as widely apart from ours as the poles are asunder. Such is the inevitable tendency of human nature; and those who regard its lessons invariably and themselves, where they ought to be, wofully mired in the sloughs of disaster.

Organization of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

[From the Minnesotian, April 21st.]

In accordance with the provisions of the charter, the above Company completed its organization in St. Paul yesterday by the choice of the following directors:—

Alexander Ramsey, St. Paul
Wm. R. Marshall, "
J. M. Stone, "
Edmund Rice, "
Franklin Steele, Fort Snelling.
F. R. Delano, Stillwater.
Orlando Tilton, "
R. P. Russell, Minneapolis.
Richard Chute, St. Anthony.
Wm. B. Ogden, Chicago, Illinois.
J. H. Rees, " "
Chas. Butler, New York City.
N. B. Baker, Clinton, Iowa.
J. B. Wiggins, Chicago, Illinois.
Leslie Tilton, Cleveland, Ohio.

The Board of Directors met for the purpose of organization at the office of Edmund Rice, Esq., in the Fuller House, in this City, this morning at 10 o'clock.

This gives nine Directors to the Territory and six to the State.

The attendance of stockholders from Stillwater, St. Anthony, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and also from abroad, was large.

Good SALARY.—The Charlottesville (Va.) *Advertiser* says, while the salary attached to the Attorney-Generalship of Virginia is only $1500 per annum, yet that Selden S. Wither's, the incumbent in the State, reaching over $400,000, about to be paid, and upon that sum the Attorney-General is allowed a commission of five per cent. for collecting, making in the aggregate over $20,000 for two years salary.

Warren County Bank.

The Buffalo *Republic* says: "We learn that the Warren County Bank, Pa., has not failed, as was telegraphed in this city yesterday. From private intelligence we learn that the bank is redeeming its bills promptly, and that it is in good repute."

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—There is a proposition before the Canadian Parliament to release a valid mortgage for sixteen millions of dollars, held by the government on this road, in favor of the shareholders in England, which is regarded favorably.

Important Legislation.

We have the following note from the Secretary of State:

SPRINGFIELD, April 29, 1857.

EDITOR TRIBUNE:—Enclosed I send you an act passed at the last session—the second section of which may be of importance to the mercantile part of your city. Many requisitions are issued to other States upon the request of some other description of persons, and this law may be useful. I do not remember to have seen it published—it may have been though. Yours, &c., O. M. HATCH.

Mare About the War.

[From the Minnesotian, April 21st.]

TRAVERSE, April 16, 1857.

GOOD:—The excitement is over; the citizens have returned to their homes, having been protected by the five stone buildings in St. Peter, belonging to Gov. Gorman, Mr. Swift, and the Hotel, some of which were well fortified with eight inch plank, with port holes cut through in order to shoot the Indians as they would approach. There was a great deal of suffering among the poorer classes, coming in as they did, almost destitute of clothing and food.

Messengers went out from St. Peter on Sunday, with the news that from 300 to 700 Indians were marching on us with all possible speed, carrying everything before them—the Indians killing all that could not make their escape, burning houses, &c.

Now, the whole matter is about this:—A few drunken Indians wanted credit of some traders out on the Des Moines River, which was refused. A difficulty ensued, in which the whites were the first aggressors; and when the Indians became exasperated, they commenced retaliation, and killed a number of the citizens in that settlement, and fled towards the Missouri.

Not a single hostile Indian has been seen within one hundred miles of this place; and from all I can learn of the reported engagement, it turned out that no one, in fact, but a small party went out from Mankato, saw some Indians running, fired on them, saw four fall, ran back, and never looked to see if they were dead. Now, I presume they only saw a small piece of blanket on a bush, shot at it and ran; and one man fell down, dented his flask, which saved his life by the balls striking, as he says, in my humble opinion, that no man was killed at all, nor an Indian found dead.

I suppose M'Leod and General Dodd are now looking for that bush with the blanket on it, and if found it, they will be sure that an Indian once owned the blanket, and has cruelly deserted it, leaving it exposed to the merciless grasp of our Minnesota militia.

Affectionately,
G. H. SPENCER.

Nebraska Ahead of Kansas in School Houses.

[From the Cleveland (Ohio) Leader.]

FORT CALHOUN, N. T., April 15.

EDS. CON.: A correspondent of the Louisville *Journal*, writing from Kansas, says, in a letter dated January 26, 1857, "there is hardly even a school house yet in the Territory." From reports of travelers I learn the same thing. If it be so, what a contrast between Kansas and Nebraska! Kansas, with a population of more than fifty thousand, and not a school house in the Territory; Nebraska, with a population of twenty thousand, has school houses and churches in every little town. At this rapidly growing point, where we had but twenty-two houses, we had a school house, a meeting house, and a court house; and in that school house there was an intelligent young lady from the East presiding over a dozen or twenty-five little tow-heads, who are as rapid to learn as Nebraska is rapid to progress. There are two other towns in Washington county, each of which have a school and a house for meetings of all kinds, and each of which have a newspaper; all this in Washington county, which one year ago had not fifty voters. If Nebraska casts Kansas in the shade by the enterprise and intelligence displayed in her settlement, what she in advance of her in peace and security to life and property? The truth is, that the Kansas difficulties have filled that Territory with, for the most part, a lawless population. The population of Kansas is now worse than that of Texas.

Now, let me state a fact: At this time we are living in Nebraska without any law whatever, having neither civil or criminal remedy in any case since last winter fill June 1st; yet we have no difficulty. Everything is settled by arbitration, or the decisions of the Claim Association of each neighborhood. We have no law, yet perfect order, and may Heaven grant we go from the Law and Order men of Kansas.

Plots Against the Emperor's Life.

PARIS, Thursday, April 9, 1857.

The discovery of the late complot against the life of the Emperor, caused a great deal of alarm among the police. A large number of useless domiciliary visits were made at the houses of prominent Republicans, and a very considerable proportion of the arrests in Paris as well as at Lyons and elsewhere, were grounded upon nothing else than gratuitous fear. The hands of the London refugees, however, were clearly visible in this affair, and it is quite probable urgent measures will be demanded of the English Government against them. It is well to observe, however, that this plot was not countenanced by the majority of standing in the Republican Party at Paris, not even by the third-rate men of the party, and they are mortified at these frequent lame attempts at a disreputable and perpetrated under the shadow of the Republican name. It does enstrates the impotency of the cause by showing that the London Committee is forced to use, as its chief conspirators, men who formerly it would not condescend to take a part in the defence of a barricade. If Napoleon is assassinated, it will be done by the hand of an isolated individual, by such a man, for example, as Pianori, who had the courage and the determination to put his plan into execution without other counsel than his own head, or other aid than his own hand. The cause does not possess stability enough; the interests at stake do not possess enough magnitude (in a French point of view,) to enable a society to keep its secret.

Ice in Buffalo Harbor.

The *Advertiser* of Monday evening, 27th, says:—

A personal inspection at the mouth of the harbor, enables us to speak by the card. Taking a boat, we pulled out past the lighthouse, and found the ice for the purpose of hearing reports of Committees, and on the transaction of business, will be omitted on days. On Saturday, April 25, at half past seven o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance is requested.

apl9 2-4t P. S. WILLIS, Superintendent.

Sale of Household Furniture

AT THE RESIDENCE OF DR. SMALL, No. 41 Michigan A. W., consisting of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture, Book-case, Beds and Bedding, Stoves, Carpets, Engravings, &c.

apl9 3-3t BARNES & MCCALLA, Auctioneers.

Fire Brick and Fire Clay.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, for sale, Square, Cupola, Arch and Key Fire Brick, common and Fire Clay. Which will be furnished cheap for cash or approved paper.

apl9 2m-3m EDWARD ARMY & CO.

Law School of the University of Albany.

THE NEXT TWO TERMS OF THIS School commence—the First on the 1st day of September, and the other on the 1st day of December next—each continuing twelve weeks.

For Circulars and other information, address
HON. ISAAC H. TOD, LL.D.,
or
HON. DEAN, LL.D.,
Albany, N. Y.

apl9 1m* Secretary of the Faculty.

MESSENGER'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN.

THE ONLY EFFECTUAL STIMULANT EVER PROFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

IN recommending this pure and wholesome beverage to the public, the proprietor is aware that many of the gentlemen may be placed, who may seem to be doing that which is highly commendable, but he would remark that its standing character is universally known. It has been prepared with the greatest care, and from the most invigorating preparation of the most unexceptionable character, and is highly recommended by the most eminent physicians, debility of the urinary Intestines, obstructions, and all diseases arising from a disordered liver, and is particularly valuable as a corrective in complaints originating in the digestive organs. It is a most delightful beverage, and a grateful companion on both the resident and the traveler. It is sought after in preference to all other kinds of gin. The London Cordial Gin in the market, all having their name to imitate it, would caution the public against all such counterfeit article, and possibly destroying the public into their purchase. The genuine article can be had only by direct extracts from a solution of original letters addressed to us, to show that we are the only parties in this country who are legitimately entitled to

Professor A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts's report of analysis of gin imported from Holland, and which is one of the principal articles of import into this country. Their reliable Messenger's London Cordial Gin is the purest, and is entirely free from all deleterious substances, and is recommended by the faculty generally as a pure, unadulterated article, and possibly destroying the public into their purchase. Also, to show that we are the only parties in this country who are legitimately entitled to the use of the extracts from a solution of original letters addressed to us, to show that we are the only parties in this country who are legitimately entitled to

Dr. Bridges, of New York City, writes: I have used your gin, and I am pleased to say, with the most beneficial results, and I am pleased to say, with the most beneficial results, and I am pleased to say, with the most beneficial results

Banking and Exchange.

R. K. Swift, Brother & Johnston,
BANKERS,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.
Deposits received on Current Account, and interest allowed on daily balances, when left three months or longer.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Money received on Deposit, payable on demand, or at short notice, with interest at 6 per cent. Drafts issued on application at our office.
Travelers' Letters of Credit issued for all parts of the world.
Savings department.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.
We draw direct on New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, and other principal cities in the United States and Canada.

REMITTANCES BY TELEGRAPH.
By our arrangements, we can remit any amount of funds, saving three days' time, between New York and Chicago, for account, and order forwarded by telegraph, thereby saving three days' time.

COLLECTION DEPARTMENT.
Collections of Notes, Drafts, and Acceptances, made in Chicago, free of charge, and remitted for on day of payment. Collections made in Canada, and all the principal towns, with despatch, and remitted for at the lowest rates.

COMMISSION DEPARTMENT.
We execute orders for Buy and Sell, on commission, in New York, Chicago, and Railroad Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Exchange, Negotiable Commercial Paper, Bonds and Coupons, Dividends, and collect, Interest, and remit the proceeds at the lowest Rates.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.
We issue Drafts and Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co., London; Messrs. Holland, Barclay, Wood, Bankers, Liverpool; Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., Bankers, London; Messrs. Sarpay, Fils & Co., Bankers, Paris; Messrs. Wm. Brandt's Sons & Co., Bankers, Hamburg; Messrs. Mendelssohn & Co., Bankers, Berlin; Messrs. Hope & Co., Bankers, Amsterdam; Messrs. Geo. Peabody & Co., Bankers, London; Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Bankers, London; Messrs. Rothschild & Sons, Bankers, London; Messrs. Rothschild & Sons, Bankers, Frankfort; Messrs. Rothschild & Sons, Bankers, Vienna; Messrs. Rothschild & Sons, Bankers, Paris; Messrs. Rothschild & Sons, Bankers, Naples; Messrs. Rothschild & Sons, Bankers, Madrid

Legal Notices.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of two promissory notes made and executed by Joseph Kemp, both bearing date the 16th day of April, A. D. 1856—One for the sum of three thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight dollars on eighty-four cents, payable two years after date, and the other for the sum of one hundred and ninety-five dollars and seventy-three cents, payable two years after date, at the request of the holders of said promissory notes, and in pursuance of the power and authority vested in me by a certain deed of trust executed and delivered by said Joseph Kemp and Harriet Kemp, his wife, to the undersigned, bearing date the 16th day of April, A. D. 1856, and secure the payment of said promissory notes, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, Illinois, in Book 87 of Deeds, page 543, the undersigned, Trustee, will sell up and expose at public sale, to the highest and best bidder for cash, at the north front door of the Court House in Chicago, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, on Wednesday, the fourth day of May next, all the right, title and interest of said Joseph Kemp and Harriet Kemp, his wife, in and to the following described lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated and lying in the City of Chicago, County and State aforesaid, to wit: Lots six (6), eight (8) and seven (7) in subdivision of Section ten (10), Township thirty-nine (39) north, Range fourteen (14) east, as located on the plat of the City of Chicago, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, Illinois, to the said Joseph Kemp; also, all the following described premises situated, lying and being in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit: Lots ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in Kaylor's subdivision of the south half of block forty-seven (47), Canal Section, twenty-one (21), Township thirty-nine (39), Range fourteen (14) east, bound upon Joseph Kemp's subdivision of lots ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17) of said south half of block forty-seven (47), in said R. Kaylor's subdivision, recorded in Book eighty-four of Maps, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said County, and bounded on the west by the said Joseph Kemp by R. Kaylor. The said above described premises sold as the property of said Joseph Kemp, to raise the amount due upon said promissory notes, and the expenses incident to said sale, both in principal and interest above specified.

E. R. HOOPER,
Trustee.

Chicago, April 24, 1857.—4221-4259

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR SALE of real estate. To John Fauss and all others Interested:—Take notice I shall apply to the County Court of said County, State of Illinois, on the first Monday of the next term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, in said County, for leave to sell the following described real estate belonging to the estate of George Loehl, deceased, late of said county, to wit:

All that tract or parcel of land commencing on the East line of Clark street, seventy-two and sixty-one hundredths feet (72 60-100) south of the south line of Belmont, as laid out by Baker, Dyer & Wentworth, and running thence south seventy-two and sixty-one hundredths feet (72 60-100); thence east along said south line to the north-east corner of said land, thence north along the east line of said land seventy-two and sixty-one hundredths feet (72 60-100) to the south line of said Belmont; thence west along said south line to the place of beginning, said land being on the east side of Clark street, and being the fractional north east quarter of section twenty-one (21) in township thirty-nine (39) north of range fourteen (14) east of the third principal meridian, except that part of the said premises commencing at the north-east corner of the above described premises; thence east along the south line thereof one hundred and ten feet to the east line of Clark street, thence south along said Clark street one hundred and twenty-five feet east of the south-west corner of the said premises, and thence west parallel with the north line thereof one hundred and ten feet to the east line of Clark street, thence north along said Clark street one hundred and twenty-five feet to the place of beginning, and which said premises I am informed and believe are worth the sum of two thousand dollars and upwards, and which I am informed and believe will not be sufficient to pay the debts of the deceased remaining unsatisfied, the personal estate of said deceased having been exhausted and found insufficient for the payment of the debts due by said deceased, at which time said petitioners are hereby notified to attend on I show cause why I should not be sold for the purposes aforesaid.

Dated April 13th, 1857. CHRISTINE BUCHHOLZ,
Administratrix of the Estate of
said deceased.

JOHN BAUER,
Attorney for Administratrix.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
Cook County, City of Chicago. }

In Chancery.

Royal D. Buchanan vs. Elizabeth A. Buchanan.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Maria Buchanan, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of the City of Chicago, Notice is hereby given to her, that Royal D. Buchanan, complainant, has filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1857, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendant, returnable on the first Monday of June next, 1857, as to her is duly indorsed.

Now, unless you, the said Maria Buchanan, shall personally be and appear before said Recorder's Court of the City of Chicago, on the first day of the term, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of June next, 1857, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill or complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
P. A. HOYNE, Clerk.
Att'y for Complainant.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY.—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, }
April Term, A. D. 1857. }

Austin Sumner, John R. Kimball and 22 others vs. Tufts vs. Tufts and others.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the said Orrin C. McCraken and George C. Ames, that a writ of attachment, issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Court of Common Pleas, dated the 30th day of March, A. D. 1857, at the suit of the said Austin Sumner, John R. Kimball and Edwin O. Tufts, and against the estate of the said Orrin C. McCraken and George C. Ames, returnable before the Court House in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of June next, 1857, was on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1857, duly executed by the Sheriff of Cook County, and that the said writ was duly returned into the office of the Clerk of said Court, on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1857.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said Orrin C. McCraken and George C. Ames, shall appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1857, and plead, answer or demur to the declaration filed in said cause, a copy of which declaration will be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, on or before the first day of said term, judgment will be entered against you, and a writ of inquiry will be awarded to assess the damages sustained by the said plaintiffs.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
P. A. HOYNE, Att'y for Pl'ffs.

Premptory Real Estate Sale.

Special Commissioner's Sale.

Cook County Circuit Court, Chicago, April 16, 1857.

Mary L. Sullivan and }
Timothy Sullivan } In Chancery.
vs.
Joan Talcovy, et al.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECRETAL ORDER entered in the above entitled cause in said Court, on Saturday, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1857, at the March term of the Circuit Court of said County, I, the undersigned, Special Commissioner, appointed by said Court for the purpose, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the north front door of the Court House in the City of Chicago, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1857, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the above named defendants in and to Lot No. two (2), in South Fractional Block number Eight (8), in Canal Trustees' subdivision of Lots and Blocks in the north-west quarter of Section 21, in Township No. 39, North of Range No. 14, East of the third principal meridian, in Cook County.

L. C. P. FREER, Master in Chancery,
Chicago, April 16, A. D. 1857.—4220-4258

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County.—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, }
March Term, 1857. }

Catherine Louisi }
vs. } In Chancery.
George Louisi. }

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of George Louisi, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, Notice is hereby given to the said George Louisi that Catherine Louisi complainant, filed her bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the 16th day of April, 1857, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendant, returnable on the first Monday of June next, 1857, as to law is required. Now, unless you, the said George Louisi, defendant above named, shall personally be and appear before said Cook County Court of Common Pleas of said County, at the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of June, 1857, and plead, answer or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
JAMES & TOM SCOTT, Complt's Sol'rs.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, City of Chicago.—ss.
Recorder's Court of the City of Chicago,
April Term, A. D. 1857.

Elizabeth A. Hinkle vs Theophilus R. G. Hinkle.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Theophilus R. G. Hinkle, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Recorder's Court of the City of Chicago, Notice is hereby given to the said Theophilus R. G. Hinkle that Elizabeth A. Hinkle complainant, filed her bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the 16th day of April A. D. 1857, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendant, returnable on the first Monday of June next, 1857, as to law is required.

Now, unless you, the said Theophilus R. G. Hinkle shall personally be and appear before said Recorder's Court of the City of Chicago, on the first day of the term, to be holden at the said City of Chicago, on the first day of the term, to be holden at the said City of Chicago, on the first Monday of June 1857, and plead, answer, or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

PHILIP A. HOYNE, Clerk.
ASA & VAN SOREN, Complt's Sol'rs.

ESTATE OF THOMAS McCALLA, DECEASED.—Public Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Thomas McCalla, late of the City of Chicago, deceased, and authorized at a regular term of the County Court of said County, held at the Court House in said City, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1857, being the first day of said month.

KARLSRA McCALLA, Sole Trustee.
Chicago, April 16, A. D. 1857.—4220-4258

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County.—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, }
April Term, A. D. 1857. }

Charles A. Roswell vs. Maria Roswell—In Chancery.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Maria Roswell, the defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, notice is hereby given to the said Maria Roswell, that Charles A. Roswell, complainant, filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the 30th day of April, 1857, and that said bill is now pending, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court, returnable on the first Monday of June next, 1857, as to law is required.

Now, unless you, the said Maria Roswell, shall personally be and appear before said Court, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the City of Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1857, and plead, answer or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
ASA & VAN SOREN, Complt's Sol'rs.

Educational.

English-German Boyd School.

CORNER CLARK AND WASHINGTON streets. Thorough Oral and Collateral Drawing, Penmanship, Book Keeping, Arithmetic, Grammar, &c. This School is especially designed for the educational advantages. The pupils receive a fundamental knowledge of the English and German, and Foreign languages, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Geography and Penmanship, and Book Keeping, in the course of April and part of three months.

Terms—Quarter Three, $1; Junior, $2; Senior $3 per quarter, payable in advance.

The school will be open from 9 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 5 P. M. Attending classes for gentlemen to meet in the Gymnasium and Parlor, on Saturday evening, from 7 to 10 o'clock. Also, a Ladies' Class, from 2 to 5 o'clock, on Saturday afternoon. For further information apply to the Principal, at the School Room, on the basement of the Presby erian Church, corner Clark and Washington streets.

Chicago, April 16, 1857.—4220-4258

Family Boarding School, at Rratleboro, Vt.

C. D. MORRIS, M. A., LATE FELLOW of Brown University, Principal of the Classical Department, at the above place on the 6th of May next. He has for three years been engaged in a highly successful school in New York City, and under the most favorable circumstances for the selection of pupils and for their moral growth. Reference is kindly permitted to Rev. Dr. Hague, Rev. Dr. Cheever, Rev. Dr. Vinton, Rev. Dr. Eddy, Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. S. H. Hopkins, Rev. Dr. Hawks, Rev. Dr. Dix, Rev. Dr. Taylor, Rev. Dr. Wainwright, Rev. Dr. Tyng, Rev. Dr. Berrian, Rev. Dr. Anthon, Rev. Dr. Ogilby, Rev. Dr. Crosby, Rev. Dr. Adams, Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. Dr. Wheaton, Rev. Dr. Bethune, Rev. Dr. Ferris, Rev. Dr. Bellows, Rev. Dr. Osgood